(Isaiah 43:1-13)

## I. Introduction

- A. When we got home Tuesday night, Angelynn told me the wheels had come off
  - 1. Actually, she said one of the wheels came off my computer chair at home
    - a. Of course, I quickly put it back on and sat down... everything was fine
    - b. Until I got up, and the wheel came off; we repeated that dance awhile
  - 2. So, I need a new chair. I like games, so I thought I'd look at gamer's chair
    - a. Like the Emperor 200 with fine Italian leather and touch-screen controls
    - b. It can hold up to three 27" monitors and has a built-in Bose sound system
      - 1) It has an air filtration (fresh air) and light therapy (simulated sunlight)
      - 2) Like I said, it's a gaming chair; gamers get little fresh air or sunlight!
    - c. Emperor 200 is the ultimate in luxury and comfort... and costs \$49,000!
    - d. How can anyone be comfortable with that? I'll duct tape the wheel on.
- B. Isaiah was into gaming chairs, but he was into comfort... as in comforting Israel
  - 1. In the first part of his book, he preaches a hard lesson of hard times ahead
    - a. He preached to holy Hezekiah & unholy Ahaz, but the sermon was same
    - b. Judah wasn't following truth, so there would be consequences (Isa 1:7)
      - 1) God is a God of holiness; He would hold them accountable for sin
      - 2) God is also a God of grace, so He will never give up on His people
  - 2. Isaiah is the "Messianic Prophet." He earns that appellation in earnest now
    - a. Beginning in **Isaiah 40**, he speaks to an Israel that will be in captivity
      - 1) Judah would never listen, and God would eventually drop the hammer
      - 2) Isaiah's message was "Repent or else," and Judah chose the "or else"
    - b. But now it's time for the *Emperor 200*; it was time for comfort (40:1-2)
      - 1) Isaiah was to assure Judah that God would not give up on His people
      - 2) God would keep His promises and work thru them despite themselves
      - 3) He will comfort His broken people and bless the world in the process
  - 3. The preacher's job is to comfort the afflicted and afflict the comfortable
    - a. Isaiah has afflicted the comfortable; now it's time to comfort afflicted
    - b. God has a word for his people suffering in the consequences of sin
    - c. He would redeem them and send a redeemer; our text is in **Isaiah 43**.

## II. Comfort for the Afflicted

- A. Isaiah begins with a call for God's people to look to and depend on Him (43:1)
  - 1. They do not have to be afraid, for God was with them; they were HIS people
    - a. The world that Judah lived in was a scary place filled with thug nations
      - 1) Judah spent 70 years in exile; afterward she was a small & defenseless
      - 2) Judah would be a political football kicked back-n-forth by bullies
    - b. But what she did have was God; she did not have to fear because of God
    - c. But she was tempted to look to the world, to pagan alliance for comfort
      - 1) We saw earlier Isaiah blast Hezekiah for courting Babylon as ally
      - 2) They were not to look for aid and comfort from outside (Isa 31:1)
    - d. Comfort and safety couldn't be found in politics; it only comes from God
  - 2. Do we really believe that? Do we find identity and strength only in God?
    - a. Or do we think that we need political and financial allies in the world
    - b. Friend posted a quote from article "Why Evangelicals Support Trump?" Voting for Trump is not trading Christian values for political power. It's voting in self-defense against the radical, evangelical-hating left and hoping for the best.
      - 1) My point isn't who you should vote for or support (outside of praying)
      - 2) But do we think the church needs any president for our self-defense?
      - 3) Do we believe Jesus, "The gates of hell shall not prevail against it?"
    - c. Our security won't come from the Federal Reserve or a presidential tweet
      - 1) Our confidence and comfort aren't in 401K, IRA, CPA or in the NRA
      - 2) We may have those things, but we can't them; they'll ultimately fail
  - 3. Some indeed trust in all of those, but believers are to... believe (Psa 20:6-7)
- B. Don't get the idea that this faith thing will ensure smooth sailing (<u>Isa 43:2-3</u>)
  - 1. God never promises to take away the fire and the flood, but God will be God
    - a. This is a reference to Israel's past—to the water and fire of the exodus
      - 1) Israel became a nation crossing the Red Sea and meeting God desert
      - 2) Her covenant with God was forged in the fire that brined on MT. Sinai
      - 3) Being God's people is not a promise that things will be easy or safe
    - b. The point is that in the middle of their struggle, God was always God
      - 1) God didn't insulate them from fire and flood, but He was with them
      - 2) God is sovereign over the fire and flood and with us in the middle of it

- 2. Isaiah is speaking to us who may be in midst of the fire and floods of life
  - a. The fires and flood are real in the real lives of real believers today
    - 1) We see it in young wife comes to church with bruises and black eye
    - 2) We see it in the young professional with maxed-out credit cards
    - 3) We see it in the Christ married couple struggling daily to stay a couple
    - 4) See it in a frustrated parent with a rebellious teen (or frustrated teen)
    - 5) We see it in believer whose faith is shaken by unexpected lab report
  - b. Faith is sometimes hard; it makes no sense to pretend that it is easy
    - 1) It makes no sense to paint on church smile and pretend it is easy
    - 2) God never promises to take away fires and flood but to be with us
- C. God's power and presence within the fire and flood comes in 3 different ways—
  - 1. Power to Conquer: Sometimes God puts out the fire and diverts the flood
    - a. Do we believe God is powerful or just used to be? An old VBS song... *My God is so big, so strong and so might, there nothing my God cannot do!*
    - b. Do we believe that? "You mean that God can still do miracles today?"
    - c. I mean there's **nothing** my God cannot do! Sometimes He fixes things.
  - 2. Power to Cope: God may give us grace to deal with our troubles and trials
    - a. What did God say to Paul prayer that He remove his "thorn in the flesh?"
    - b. Grace was sufficient. God gave Paul the power to cope with the thorn.
    - c. Troy isn't with us today; he's visiting his brother in TN... went alone
      - 1) Is being blind a fire-n-flood? Yes, God gave Troy the power to cope
      - 2) Troy would tell you becoming blind allowed him to see (Isa 43:8)
    - d. Sometimes the gift that God gives is power to cope with fire-n-flood
  - 3. **Power to Continue**: Sometimes He gives us power to endure, to go on
    - a. Jesus prayed God to take away the cup. What was God's answer?
      - 1) Did Jesus cope with cross, "This isn't so bad if I lean a bit to left..."
      - 2) God did give him he power to endure the cross to the end (Heb 12:2)
    - b. We often make a theological point that isn't very theologically correct
      - 1) We say that God turned away from Jesus because Jesus carried our sin
      - 2) We get that from Jesus' cry, "My God, My God, why..." (from Psa 22)
        - a) God doesn't turn away from sinners but to sinner- point of the cross!
        - b) God is God of all comfort; he never turns away (Reading: <u>2 Cor 1:3-5</u>)

## **III. Conclusion**

- A. God was looking out for his people even though they went thru flood and fire
  - 1. What He wanted was for them to look up to him in faith (<u>Isa 43:5-6</u>)
    - a. Trusting God promise is not always easy when in the flood and fire
    - b. In fact, it is especially not easy when we go through flood and fire
  - 2. But it was their only way out; they had no power and no allies byt God
    - a. The promise was freedom, not just feeling better about their slavery
    - b. God would redeem them and call them back home, back to Him
  - 3. Our God is the God of all comfort because He is God who redeems us
- B. We can settle for some pretty artificial things to give us comfort in this life
  - 1. These are things that make us temporality feel better in stresses and strains
    - a. Maybe it's not \$49,000 hi-tech chair; maybe it's a cheeseburger & fries?
      - 1) Why do we call things like cheeseburgers and fries "comfort food?"
      - 2) In Canada, they put gravy on fries! I didn't find that very comforting
    - b. Maybe instead of food we go shopping to bring us some comfort
      - 1) Don't we get a temporary buzz when we get something new? Why?
      - 2) Why doesn't new that feeling & comfort last? It's just a substitute
    - c. Sometimes we seek out a new experience (I rode a horse for first time)
    - d. We may watch TV, a movie or play a video game (not in \$49,000 chair)
    - e. All of those are well and good in the right place (except gravy on fries)
  - 2. But we can't trust any of these to give us true comfort, security or meaning
    - a. Only God will always be there to walk your through each flood and fire
    - b. Only God is the God of all comfort who provides a security that will last
- C. Notice how Isaiah continues in this chapter speaking for God (Isa 43:11-13)
  - 1. Only God is the true and living God; apart from Him there is no savior
    - a. We may look to politics, power, prosperity or people to save us
    - b. While all of those things do have their place, they cannot save us
    - c. If we look to them to save, we must call them what they are-IDOLS
  - 2. Only God is God; only Christ is our wonderful, merciful savior...